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13 July 2007

To: All Members of the Cabinet
All Other Persons receiving Cabinet Agenda

Dear Member,

Cabinet - Tuesday, 17th July, 2007

I attach a copy of the following reports for the above-mentioned meeting which were not available at the time of collation of the agenda:

# 9. FINANCIAL PLANNING 2008/09 - 2010-2011 (PAGES 1 - 16)

(Report of the Acting Director of Finance –To be introduced by the Cabinet Member for Resources): To set out the financial strategy issues for the three year planning period and to propose a process for setting the budget for 2008/09.

# 11. UPDATED AND REVISED EQUAL OPPORTUNITIES POLICY (PAGES 17 - 66)

\*(Report of the Interim Assistant Chief Executive (Performance, Policy, Partnerships & Communication – To be introduced by the Cabinet Member for Community Cohesion and Involvement): To revise and update the existing Equal Opportunities Policy 'Achieving Equality; Respecting Diversity' and to amend the Council's equalities monitoring categories.

\*Revised covering report only.

Yours sincerely

Richard Burbidge Cabinet Committees Manager



[No.]

Agenda item:

Cabinet	17 July 2007			
Report Title: Financial planning 2008/09 to 2010/11				
Forward Plan reference number (if applicab	ole):			
Report of: Acting Director of Finance				
Wards(s) affected: All	Report for: <b>Key decision</b>			
Purpose     1.1 To set out key financial and business planning issues to enable Members to consider the resource strategy for the administration.				
2. Introduction by Cabinet Member for F 2.1 This report informs members on the ste planning for the period 2008/09 to 2010 consideration in the process.	eps being taken for the Council's financial			
<ul><li>3. Recommendations</li><li>3.1 That Members approve the financial position for planning purposes as stated.</li><li>3.2 That the budget changes and variations as set out are approved.</li><li>3.3 That the proposed business planning process is agreed.</li></ul>				
Report Authorised by: Acting Director of F	-inance			
Contact Officer: Gerald Almeroth, Acting	Director of Finance			

### 4. Executive Summary

- 4.1 There are a number of significant changes to the national context which will impact on the Council's financial strategy. The most significant is the Comprehensive Spending Review 2007 (CSR), which will take effect in 2008/09.
- 4.2 The local strategic context will be defined by the manifesto commitments and their incorporation into the Community Strategy which will, in turn, inform the business planning process. The key actions to meet these priorities are embodied in the Council Plan.
- 4.3 Future plans will be developed in a context of increased resource constraint and it will be essential that the Council has robust arrangements in place to identify and deliver opportunities for improved value for money.

# 5. Reasons for any change in policy or for new policy development (if applicable)

5.1 The financial strategy is designed to give effect to Members' policy aspirations and therefore is a key element of the strategic planning for the Council.

# 6. Local Government (Access to Information) Act 1985

6.1 [List background documents]

### 7 Background

- 7.1 The Council's current financial strategy covers the four year period 2007/08 to 20010/11. The strategy reflects the policy aspirations of the administration to achieve excellence in service delivery and to create a deeper sense of place. This will be done whilst at the same time constraining the impact on council tax via the vigorous pursuit of efficiency savings. The Council has a sound position on which to base this ambition having achieved three stars in the 2006 Comprehensive Performance Assessment (CPA).
- 7.2 The context for the previous and current strategy has been severe constraint on non-schools resources. As a result of government changes to resource distribution, the Council has received the 'floor' (lowest possible) increase in grant for the five years from 2003/04 to 2007/08. It has therefore not shared in the increases in total government funding which were made available over this period.
- 7.3 The 2006/07 local government settlement covered two years and therefore included the current year 2007/08. There is significant uncertainty from 2008/09 onwards which is explored below further in this report. Current planning is based on target council tax increases of 3.0% (in line with the manifesto commitment of no more than 3%) and Members will be aware of the government's determination to use capping powers to

- keep council tax increases low. It is important to note that current plans include £5m of efficiency savings in 2008/09 and 2009/10 which have yet to be identified.
- 7.4 The government's current system of resource allocation (formula grant) is complex and, in the Council's view, understates Haringey's relative needs. There are a number of issues of particular significance:
  - estimates of **population**, which underpin the system appear flawed, particularly in respect of under-enumeration and migration for Haringey;
  - the **area cost adjustment** reflects local wage cost pressures relative to others, the grant system does not properly reflect the local position in Haringey as we are grouped as an outer London borough;
  - under representation of costs and need on Children's Social Care and Younger Adults, the reduced weighting for deprivation in the formula from 2006/07 resulted in a significant shift of resources away from London;
  - the higher cost of **concessionary fares** in London does not appear to be matched by resources through the formula, and;
  - revenue funding for government-supported borrowing within the capital financing part of the formula is not transparent in the system and penalises authorities that are on the grant floor.
- 7.5 These individual issues and others such as costs of asylum, have been raised with Ministers recently. There will be a formal consultation process over the summer months in terms of possible formula changes.
- 7.6 This report is designed to set out financial planning issues to enable Members to consider future financial strategy for the administration.

### 8 National context

- 8.1 Local government function and finance has been the subject of much review and discussion in recent years. The relationship and responsibilities of Central and Local Government have not been clearly settled and this is to be reflected in future considerations on governance. A number of papers and reports have emerged in the last year:
  - the report on public service delivery by Sir David Varney acknowledges the
    improvements of the recent past, but identifies further opportunities to make public
    services more accessible, convenient and efficient to meet changing citizen and
    business expectations. Key aspects on improving contact centre performance;
    reducing costs through joining up service provision, and engaging more directly with
    users in the design and delivery of services;
  - the report on Land Use Planning by Kate Barker and in response the White Paper from central government entitled Major Planning Reforms for a Sustainable Future, which promises to speed up the planning system alongside improving community consultation. In particular a quicker system to decide major infrastructure projects; simplifying local planning decisions for householders, and planning to play a bigger role in tackling climate change;

- the government's White Paper for Local Government 'Strong and Prosperous Communities', which aims to give local people more influence and power to improve their lives. The vision is for revitalised local authorities to work with their partners to re-shape public services around the citizens and communities that use them. The key aspects of the paper are for responsive services with choice for the communities; effective, accountable and responsive local government; local government as a strategic leader and place-shaper; a new performance framework; efficiency and transforming local services, and community cohesion. The paper also promotes wider use of locally devolved budgets and the benefits and implications of this will need to be considered:
- Sir Michael Lyons published his long awaited and much expanded review of local government. It recommends incremental change on the basis of a developmental approach with some modest changes that will build trust and create the basis for future reforms. The report suggests that local government needs to develop its wider place-shaping role and also makes the case for central government to create more space for reform by reducing targets and developing key financial reforms to enable more local flexibility.
- 8.2 In recognising the lack of flexibility to raise additional resources locally and the reliance on a single tax the Sir Michael **Lyons** made a number of short term and longer term recommendations in respect of local government finance. The key proposals are set out below with the government's response in brackets:
  - council tax should be retained with the option in the longer term of a shift of the balance to other taxes or funding (agree to retain and will consider other options in the medium to long term);
  - a revaluation of all properties should be conducted, with recommendations for additional bands at the top and bottom (government stated that this would not happen in the current parliamentary period);
  - council tax benefit should be recognised as a rebate rather than a benefit and automatic take-up at billing stage (agree to consider alongside practicalities and affordability in medium to long term alongside the tax and benefits system as a whole):
  - the government should cease to use council tax **capping** (government said it will retain it for the foreseeable future):
  - continue to reduce **specific grants** in favour of more general grant based on clear targets (agreed, will consider in CSR07);
  - the existing arrangements for business rates to remain, but with some suggested reforms on empty rate relief, and possibly a new local flexibility to set a supplementary rate of between 1p and 4p subject to consultation (agree to review relief arrangements, supplementary rate only likely to be possible for London wide infrastructure improvements, will also review Local Authority Business Growth Incentive (LABGI) scheme this summer);
  - new powers to allow local authorities to introduce new charges for services such as domestic waste collection (will consider in forthcoming waste strategy paper).
- 8.3 In recent years, the government has conducted bi-annual spending reviews which have covered three-year periods. These have set totals for national local government

expenditure together with Treasury-lead policy directions. The planned spending review for 2006 was deferred by the government to enable a more fundamental **Comprehensive Spending Review** (CSR) in July 2007. The Chancellor's budget report in March 2007 announced that the CSR will be delayed until this autumn, but also set out some key financial information in terms of the forthcoming CSR07 report:

- current spending across the whole public sector to increase by an average of 1.9% per annum, in real terms, for each of the three years;
- within the above, spending on Education to rise by an average of 2.5% per annum in real terms:
- extension of the efficiency savings targets from the 2004 Spending Review, supported by Gershon, to increase to 3% per annum and for all of these savings to be cashable and therefore to be taken into account when considering resources available overall. This is an increase of 1.75% for cashable efficiencies as previously the target was 2.5% per annum with at least half being cashable:
- public sector pay to be kept in line with the government's inflation target of 2%;
- additional rises in landfill tax by £8 per tonne in the standard rate from April 2008.
- 8.4 The CSR 2007 will also deal with other future opportunities and challenges previously identified of which the significant aspects will be:
  - an ambitious value for money programme, including improving service delivery across the public sector and more efficient and responsive to the needs of the users (in response to the recommendations of Sir David Varney);
  - a review of all specific grant funding streams and examining their effectiveness in meeting their original policy objectives, this includes substantial funding streams for Haringey such as supporting people, neighbourhood renewal fund (NRF) and sure start, and;
  - a more strategic approach to capital investment and asset management, including the Quirk review on community assets, further targets for asset disposals and a zero based approach to capital budgeting (something the Council already does).
- 8.5 The inspection regime for local government is a key driver for financial strategy. The current **CPA** continues to evolve incrementally, however there are significant changes planned from 2009. The recent White Paper included proposals for a new performance framework that includes a **Comprehensive Area Assessment** (CAA) to replace the current arrangements. The intention is that this will focus primarily on the place rather than individual bodies or organisations and therefore will cover local government, health, housing, education and community safety. It is also expected that there will be a significant reduction in the number of performance indicators that will require reporting on.

### 9 Local context

9.1 The local context at the strategic level is defined by the policy programme set out in the **manifesto** of the majority group.

- 9.2 The manifesto programme feeds into the Council's contribution to the Community Strategy. The **Community Strategy** sets out the aspirations for the borough of the Haringey Strategic Partnership (HSP). The strategy revised in 2007 covers the period to 2017. The Council Plan, built up from the individual business plans, includes the key actions over the next few years required to achieve those priorities and objectives.
- 9.3 The government also expects that Community Strategy priorities at the partnership level are further articulated in a **Local Area Agreement** (LAA). The LAA sets out high level objectives for the partnership and specific targets, reward grant, and enabling flexibilities which are negotiated with the Government Office for London (GoL). This is now in place for 2007/08.
- 9.4 The Council maintained its three stars in the 2006 CPA following a corporate assessment and joint area review. The position included an improved score of three out of four for value for money within the Use of Resources element. To make progress towards an excellent, four-star rating, and to be successful in the CAA there will need to be an even greater focus will be required on working with partners to make a difference to the borough as a place to live and work, and on how outcomes are perceived by residents. Whilst the performance of individual Council services and the value for money they deliver will remain crucial, greater external focus and capacity to deliver on that agenda will be the key local strategic drivers.

### 10 Key financial issues and risks

### 10.1 Corporate issues

- 10.1.1 There are two key issues in respect of the **remuneration** that were raised in last years budget process. Firstly, the three-year deal on pay ended with the last year being 2006/07. The 2007/08 pay increase has not yet been settled, but as previously stated, there is an expectation that public sector pay will remain within the Chancellor's inflation target of 2%. Current financial plans include 2% in service budgets with 0.5% contingency held centrally. Secondly, all authorities are required to implement 'single status' pay arrangements (incorporating former manual staff) by April 2007. An offer was made to the unions before the deadline and negotiations are still underway. A contingency sum was added for estimated ongoing costs in last years budget process and this will need to be reviewed once settlement is reached. The settlement will also include a significant one-off compensation sum. A capitalisation direction has been sought for this and if this is granted and utilised then the additional ongoing revenue costs will need to be provided for.
- 10.1.2 The long-term future and affordability of the local government **pension scheme** has been under review and a nationwide consultation process has been undertaken. The government has published the first set of regulations setting out the framework for the 'new look' local government pension scheme, which will come into effect on 1<sup>st</sup> April 2008. The new scheme regulations set out the government's policy to retain a final-salary, defined benefits scheme, with improved accrual rates, better death-in-service and revised ill-health provisions. There are also changes to contribution rates that are intended to ensure a fairer contribution towards the scheme's viability and affordability. The triennial valuation of the fund by our actuaries is underway and will be reporting later this year. Our current plans include pension fund employer's contribution increases in line with the 2004 valuation, with

- an assumption that it continues to increase after the 2007 valuation. This will need to be reviewed when the triennial valuation report is produced.
- 10.1.3 The issues stated in the previous years budget process in respect of **inter-fund** balancing (General Fund/HRA) have not yet been fully resolved and it may be prudent to allow some further contingency for this.
- 10.1.4 The Council has made significant investment in its capacity and organisation in recent years with services such as IT, customer services and neighbourhood management being examples of this. The challenge will be to ensure that this investment is fully exploited in future years enabling delivery of real service benefit as well as improved value for money. Members have agreed an **Achieving Excellence** programme to assist in delivering this. The three key objectives are to improve performance, efficiency and perception. Progress in this programme and delivery of the £5m target savings will be monitored through the project management framework.
- 10.1.5 The Council has developed and embedded an effective approach to **efficiency and value for money** which has underpinned our financial strategy in recent years. Our approach has had two strands: to invest in improved corporate systems and processes and to set and monitor targets for consequent cashable savings; to closely scrutinise cost, performance and perception at business unit level to identify and deliver efficiency opportunities through the business planning process. Further opportunities exist, including consideration of shared services and outsourcing, and these will also be progressed through the Achieving Excellence programme.
- 10.1.6 There are major **specific grant** funding streams that are subject to review and potential reduction as part of the CSR07 and any impact on front line services will need to be managed carefully as part of the planning process. The key streams and funding at 2007/08 levels are:
  - Supporting people grant £21.33m this is a ring-fenced grant which is a key resource in enabling vulnerable people to live independently. This grant was reduced by £1.1m (5%) in 2007/08 and this was managed by delivering efficiencies through the procurement process. Further reductions of up to 5% each year are expected;
  - Sure start / children's centre funding £8.36m this is key to ensuring the financial viability of the new children's centres;
  - Social care related grants £6.61m this includes grant directly supporting carers and clients as well as systems and capacity.

### Local Area Agreement (LAA) funding:

- Neighbourhood renewal fund (NRF) £7.863m;
- Safer and stronger communities funding (SSCF) £2.675m, and;
- Other mandatory LAA funding, including partners pooled grants £4.914m.
- 10.1.7 The Council's **capital programme** is underpinned by the generation of **capital receipts** and over the planning period the number of surplus saleable assets will diminish. Delivery of receipts from the strategic site disposals will be key to maintaining funding for the current capital programme. There has also been a

- significant reduction in right to buy receipts over the last couple of years. There will be a need to maximise external funding and to ensure that investment is focussed on key priorities in order to manage this reduction in resources.
- 10.1.8 There are significant investment programmes proposed, particularly **Building Schools for the Future and Decent Homes**. The funding and management of these will be important in terms of reducing financial risk, but also in terms of ensuring that successful outcomes are delivered from the improved asset base.
- 10.1.9 The **accommodation strategy** will continue into its second phase based on the approved principle of self-generating funding from asset sales and will be key to delivering a more effective, flexible and efficient service.
- 10.1.10 Capital bidding on a zero budget basis is integrated with the pre-business plan reviews and allocation of resources to priorities is a key factor in ensuring maximum value for money and will include information from the asset management plans in the appraisal process.

# 10.2 <u>Children and Young People</u>

- 10.2.1 The integrated Children's Service is now well established. Consideration is being given to the **children's trust arrangements** for Haringey that will best operate within the government's objective for integrated partnership working.
- 10.2.2 The establishment of area-based children's networks is a key part of service improvement. The greater integration of services, and the earlier intervention it will enable, should also deliver efficiency savings. In taking this forward, the relationship with other area-based aspects of the Council's and partner's work will need to be developed.
- 10.2.3 The budget for looked-after children has been an area of significant volatility and risk. Current plans are based on a clear strategy which involves managing a gradual decline in total numbers with a cost-effective commissioning strategy that is in place. Maximising the opportunities for adoption and fostering is key to delivering further value for money.
- 10.2.4 The position on unaccompanied **asylum** seeking children remains complex with the continued risk of insufficient funding being available.
- 10.2.5 The Council is progressing major construction programmes in respect of BSF for secondary schools and primary school expansion. These involve complex delivery issues and are particularly crucial to the delivery of the Council's education vision. In particular maximising the benefit of putting schools at the heart of communities with improved use of assets and a greater impact on social and economic regeneration.

### 10.3 Adults, Culture and Community

10.3.1 Social care budgets are under significant national pressure, primarily as a result of increasing demand and moves towards greater user choice and control. This has been exacerbated recently by financial problems within the NHS leading to reductions in service areas on the border-line between the social care and health

systems. Working closely with our partners in health and developing cost-effective joint commissioning strategies will be instrumental in minimising the financial impact of these issues and to ensure maximum value for money is being achieved.

# 10.4 <u>Urban Environment</u>

- 10.4.1 During the previous administration, Environment has been the focus for investment in the **Better Haringey** programme. Although this remains a key priority for the Council under the cleaner, greener and safer agenda, it will be in the context of greater resource constraint and therefore the Council will need to seek further options to improve services from within existing resources.
- 10.4.2 The Council's delivery arrangements for waste management and cleansing will require review during this administration, with the **Accord contract** due to expire in 2009. This will provide an opportunity for reviewing the service delivery model with a view to improving performance and value for money.
- 10.4.3 The cost of waste disposal will continue to increase at a higher rate than other service areas. Our current plans allow for this, however extra costs may need to be provided for as plans are rolled-forward. Members of the North London Waste Authority (NLWA) have agreed a joint waste strategy and the procurement process for future provision of disposal facilities is progressing. The current projections are that without an injection of external funding there will be a significant increase in costs of the member authorities from 2012 onwards depending on the agreed option.
- 10.4.4 The increase in **landfill tax** announced in the Chancellor's budget in March this year of £8 per tonne from April 2008 will result in an additional ongoing cost of £335k.
- 10.4.5 Waste stream reduction and **recycling** will remain key issues, with demanding targets set by government. Our current year household recycling target is 25% rising to a stretch LAA target of 32% by 2009/10. The Council has already approved significant additional investment in the current financial plans to enable this target to be achieved. A waste strategy paper recently issued by government is recommending increasing recycling targets further.
- 10.4.6 The Council's share of the costs of **concessionary fares** in 2007/08 has increased above the level budgeted and it is recommended this is reflected in the base going forward. The annual cost of this is £0.235m. Future increases in costs will depend on the proportion of the take up in Haringey relative to the rest of London.
- 10.4.7 Effective support for Homes for Haringey will be important to enable the successful delivery of the **decent homes** investment. There will also need to deal with the financial consequences of any new arrangements for services provided by the Council which Homes for Haringey may wish to make following their review process. A contingency was set aside during the budget process in 2007/08 and the sufficiency of this will need to be reviewed later this year.
- 10.4.8 The housing revenue account shows a balanced position over the medium term, but this is predicated on planned savings that assume the resource for decent homes investment is obtained and the net subsidy position does not worsen further than current expectations. There are significant challenges going forward to

- maintain the balanced position and a robust business planning process will be key to ensuring that this is achieved.
- 10.4.9 The Council's recently agreed an updated strategy for dealing with **homelessness** and the current budget allocated resources to deal with the achievement of the government's target reduction in the number of people in temporary accommodation. Our previous position reflects success in commissioning private sector leases which are associated with a relatively favourable subsidy regime. The Department for Work and Pensions (DWP) have indicated that the subsidy regime will change in future years and started this process with a 5% across the board reduction in subsidy in 2007/08. Current financial plans include an estimate of further reductions and this position will need to be reviewed once a more definitive position is available from the DWP.

# 10.5 <u>Corporate Resources</u>

- 10.5.1 Delivery of efficient corporate and support functions will contribute significantly to the improvement in value for money and as part of the achieving excellence programme there will be specific projects designed to deliver that. This will include rationalising the number of IT applications and ensuring the investment in Customer Services is delivering measurable benefits.
- 10.5.2 The Department of Work and Pensions have announced in June 2007 that there will be a 2.5% reduction in grant for **housing benefits** administration. In real terms this represents a shortfall of 5%, which equates to £194k. A budget variation is proposed for this.
- 10.5.3 The debate on the issue of income from **land charges** is still progressing. It is likely that authorities will be required to reduce their charges to only cover costs on average over a three year period. It is proposed that a contingency of £400k is included in the financial plans for this.

### 10.6 Overview

- 10.6.1 Taking account of the starting position at the end of the 2007/08 budget process, and allowing for the matters set out in this report, the overall position is as set out in appendix 1. Appendix 1 sets out the gross budget showing the starting position, changes anticipated for that year, and the funding elements assuming a 3.0% increase in Haringey's council tax (as per previous planning assumptions). Members may wish to consider this assumption in light of the overall financial position later in the process.
- 10.6.2 A key change in the previous assumptions is the level of **revenue support grant** the Council may receive. As stated in this report, the likelihood is that government will include the 3% target efficiency saving in the grant calculation. Given that Haringey has been on the grant floor for five consecutive years this would mean that our current assumption of a floor grant settlement of between 2.7% and 2.0% over the next three years would change to a zero grant settlement position. It is therefore proposed that the sums assumed over the next three years for grant are now taken out for planning purposes and this totals £9.1m over the period.

- 10.6.3 An additional contingency of £2.4m for planning purposes is proposed in 2008/09 with further additions of £0.5m in each of the two later years. This is to take account of the key risk items outlined in this report including ongoing equal pay costs, interfund issues, the potential for increases in NLWA waste disposal costs, the possible reduction in income from land charges and other evidenced based unavoidable growth items that may arise during the planning process.
- 10.6.4 The total resource shortfall of £15.239m demonstrates the financial challenge faced over the period of the administration. Members will, of course, note at this stage the significant uncertainty in respect of resource assumptions for future years.

### 11 Business planning process and consultation

- 11.1 In recent years, the Council has managed the **business planning** and budget process at business unit level with clear linkage to Community Strategy priorities. From this year the Council's contribution to the **Community Strategy** priorities are set out, along with other objectives, in a corporate plan (the **Council Plan**) and that this defines the detail of plans and actions at business unit level. This gives greater coherence to detailed work and avoids unnecessary work on investment options which do not reflect partnership and Council priorities. The process also derives information from residents' surveys and performance monitoring in order to properly inform effective service planning.
- 11.2 The current Council's financial strategy spans a four-year period, which coincides with the period of the new administration from 2007/08. It is proposed that this year's process adopts a **three-year time horizon** to the end of the period of the current administration and aligns to the CSR2007. It is further proposed that all existing plans are subject to thorough review to ensure they are still deliverable and appropriate in the strategic context.
- 11.3 Emerging business unit plans have previously been used to support the budget scrutiny and **consultation** processes. Members will wish to consider how these matters are handled in future, and specifically whether there should be specific budget consultation in the wider community. Alternatively, consultation activity could remain focussed around the existing consultation and information arrangements.
- 11.4 A prime requirement of the budget process will be the systematic identification of improved value for money, both in terms of improved outcomes from given resources and the delivery of cashable efficiency savings. This will be supported by corporate investment in improved systems and processes (including shared services and outsourcing where appropriate), but will primarily be delivered through change at local level. Savings targets are proposed to support this process and these will be calculated on a base combination of gross expenditure and income and will take into account existing savings proposals already agreed over the four year planning process from 2007/08. In previous years the base has been the net cash limit. Alongside this will be the analysis of the value for money position of services and high cost areas will be encouraged to deliver a higher proportion of the savings target.

- 11.5 Proposals for investment will also come forward from the business planning process and these will need to be aligned to:
  - Key priorities in the Council Plan;
  - Services requiring additional resources for improvement in performance, and;
  - Areas requiring improved perception ratings (as measured in the residents surveys).
- 11.6 Key priorities that may require additional resources will include meeting the Council's aspiration to be 'one of London's greenest boroughs' and reducing worklessness and supporting business as part of the Regeneration Strategy. For the purposes of planning it is proposed that an **investment fund** of £2m is assumed at this stage.
- 11.7 Cabinet approved a **Sustainable Investment Fund** on 20 June 2007 as part of the financial outturn report for 2006/07 of £0.5m and this will assist in funding invest to save schemes including reducing energy use. This is designed to be a revolving fund and therefore will be reimbursed by the revenue savings that are generated by the investments.
- 11.8 A more detailed business planning and budget process will be presented in due course, but the key dates are outlined in the table below. A new aspect of the process this year, to provide more focus in the budget review process, is the introduction of **Star Chamber** meetings that will be chaired by the Leader and will include the Cabinet Member for Resources and the Cabinet Member for the Service as well as senior officers.

Activity	Date	
Key priorities stated in Council plan	Jun 07	
Cabinet consider financial planning report	Jul 07	
Pre-business plan review (PBPR) preparation	Jul – Sep 07	
PBPR officer review process	Sep 07	
Star Chamber meetings	Early Oct 07	
Comprehensive Spending Review 2007 released	Oct 07	
Cabinet agree release of PBPRs for consultation	Nov 07	
Budget consultation process including Overview &	Dec 07	
Scrutiny Committee		
Cabinet consider draft settlement	Dec 07	
Cabinet agree budget package	Jan 08	
Council agree budget package and council tax	Feb 08	
Finalise individual business plans and overall Council	Apr 08	
Plan		

### 12 Comments of the Head of Legal Services

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12.1 The Head of Legal Services confirms that the budget strategy and process set out in this report fulfil the Council's statutory requirements in relation the budget.

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Gross Budget Trail	2008/09 £'000	2009/10 £'000	2010/11 £'000	
Budget brought forward	384,602	393,733	403,201	
Changes and variations Inflation Agreed in previous years budget process	7,670 11,517	8,090 (4,303)	8,510 2,648	
Changes and variations in this report: - contingency - concessionary fares - additional landfill tax - reduction in housing benefit admin grant	2,400 235 335 194	500	500	
	3,164	500	500	
Investments 2006/07 process 2007/08 process Proposed investment fund	(75) 668 2,000	0	40	
Savings 2007/08 process	2,593 (6,837)	0 (1,847)	(2,745)	
Achieving Excellence programme	(3,000)	(2,000)	(2,745)	
Dedicated schools grant (DSG) Passporting of DSG	6,273	6,524	6,785	
Balances Contribution to / (from) balances 2005/06 process Contribution to / (from) balances 2006/07 process Contribution to / (from) balances 2007/08 process	(642) (2,865)	5,725	(2,645)	
Gross Council budget requirement Less dedicated schools grant (specific grant) Net Council budget requirement	402,475 (163,102) 239,373	406,422 (169,626) 236,796	416,294 (176,411) 239,883	
Funding Council tax (see below) Government support - formula grant and NNDR	98,123 132,508 <b>230,631</b>	101,067 132,508 <b>233,575</b>	104,099 132,508 <b>236,607</b>	
Resource shortfall/(excess)	8,742	3,221	3,276	15,239
Council tax Council tax (LBH) Council tax base (after provision for non-recovery) Precept	£ 1,161.66 84,468 <b>98,123,097</b>	£ 1,196.51 84,468 <b>101,066,807</b>	£ 1,232.41 84,468 <b>104,099,208</b>	
Rate of council tax increase (Haringey element) GLA rate of council tax increase Combined council tax increase £ per week increase (Haringey element)	3.0% n/a n/a £0.65	3.0% n/a n/a £0.67	3.0% n/a n/a £0.69	

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Agenda item:

Cabinet	On 17 <sup>th</sup> July 2007

Report Title: Updated and Revised Equal Opportunities Policy

Forward Plan reference number (if applicable): 5

Report of: Report of the Interim Assistant Chief Executive – Performance, Policy, Partnerships & Communication

Wards(s) affected: All Report for: Key Decision

### 1. Purpose

1.1 To revise and update the existing Equal Opportunities Policy "Achieving equality; respecting diversity" and to amend the council's equalities monitoring categories.

# 2. Introduction by Cabinet Member (if necessary)

- 2.1 The Council is committed to Equal Opportunities for all our staff and residents. It is therefore essential that our Equal Opportunities policy is fully up-to-date and reflects current equalities legislation and good practice.
- 2.2 We have consulted widely in drawing up this report and are grateful to all those who contributed. I commend the report to you.

### 3. Recommendations

- 3.1That the Cabinet:
  - i. Consider the draft Equal Opportunities Policy appended
  - ii. Agree the amended Equalities Monitoring Categories

Report Authorised by: Tim Dauncy Interim Assistant Chief Executive – Performance, Policy, Partnerships & Communication

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### 4. Director of Finance Comments

4.1 There may be some financial implications in respect of updating information technology reports to encompass the revised equalities monitoring fields, consultation and printing. We are suggesting that the revision of printed and on-line forms be carried out incrementally, as each form is due for revision, unless there is a legal obligation to do so (such as adding transgender to the employment monitoring form). Any expenditure relating to production of the revised Equal Opportunities Policy and consultation will be met from the existing Equalities & Diversity budget.

### 5. Head of Legal Services Comments

5.1 The Head of Legal Services has been consulted on the content of this report. The report itself sets out the legal framework underpinning the policy. Adherence to the policy will assist the Council in meeting its duties under that legislation.

### 6. Local Government (Access to Information) Act 1985

6.1 Achieving Equality; Respecting Diversity Haringey Council Equal Opportunities Policy

### 7. Strategic Implications

The current Equal Opportunities Policy was published in 1999 and sets out Haringey Council's policy for equalities and diversity. The Equal Opportunities Policy is being revised to include new equalities legislation and to ensure that the equalities policy is linked to the new Equalities Scheme. The updated version reflects a change in emphasis together national and local priorities. The equalities monitoring categories have been amended, so that they comply with current equalities legislation and Commission for Racial Equality Guidance.

### 8. Financial Implications

8.1 See 4 above.

### 9. Legal Implications

9.1 See 5 above.

### 10. Equalities Implications

10.1 Haringey Council's Equal Opportunities Policy underpins all Council activities and is the cornerstone when developing new policies, procedures and projects or revising existing ones. It is therefore necessary that we update the current Equal Opportunities Policy to reflect changes in equalities legislation.

### 11. Consultation

- 11.1 We have consulted widely on the new policy and the emended equalities categories. These included among others:
  - \* Council staff:
  - \* Trade Unions
  - \* Directorate Equalities Fora;
  - \* The Race Equality Joint Consultative Committee;
  - \* Haringey Women's Forum;
  - \* Haringey Disabilities Consortium;
  - \* Haringey Faith Forum;
  - \* Haringey Age Concern;
  - \* Haringey Youth Council
  - \* Gypsies and Travellers;
  - \* Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgender (LGBT) Network.

# 12. Background

- 12.1 Since1999 when the current Equal Opportunities Policy was published there has been major legislative changes and a new national agenda for equalities and diversity, hence the need to up date our policy to reflect this new legislation. The new policy also reflects the Government's and Haringey's current priorities such as community cohesion.
- 12.2 The Equal Opportunities Policy is linked to Haringey's Equalities Scheme which was agreed in December 2006.
- 12.3 The equalities monitoring categories need to be amended to ensure they comply with current equalities legislation. This includes a requirement to monitor sexuality and the need to include a transgender category when carrying out employment monitoring. The equalities monitoring framework will also reflect the Commission for Racial Equality Guidance around monitoring gypsies and travellers and the monitoring of religion and belief.
- 12.4 The Equalities Team will continue to provide training to existing staff and induction to all new staff on the Equal Opportunities Policy and the Equalities Scheme. The Equalities Team will also continue to work with the Organisational Development and Learning section to ensure that all training and development providers promote Haringey Council's Equal Opportunities Policy.
- 12.5 The Equal Opportunities Policy implementation plan will include:

\* published version on the Council's

Website and Harinet

\* printed version available

\* article in Smart Working

\* article in Members Newsletter

\* article in Equalities Matters

August 07

August 07

Sept/Oct

Sept/Oct

### 13. Conclusion

13.1 The updated and revised Equal Opportunities Policy will enable the council to comply with revised equalities legislation. Ensure that the equalities policy is linked to the new Equalities Scheme. Reflects changes of emphasis around national and local priorities. Amends equalities monitoring categories to comply with current equalities legislation and Commission for Racial Equality Guidance.

### 14. Use of Appendices / Tables / Photographs

14.1 Equal Opportunities Policy July 07